Activate Country Version India for Specific Fiscal Years

SPRO→Financial Accounting→Financial Accounting Global Settings→Tax on Sales/Purchases→ Basic Settings→India→Activate Country Version India for Specific Fiscal Years

In this activity, you specify for which fiscal years you want to activate Country Version India for the accounting interface.

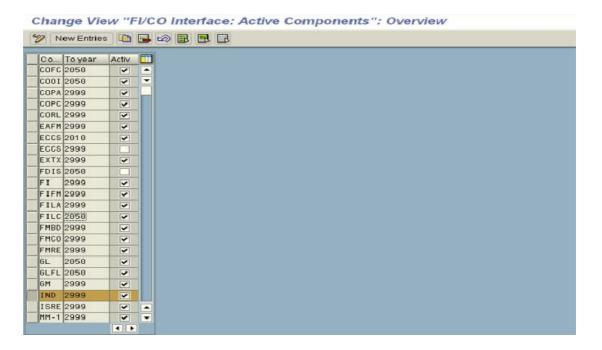
Activities

In the table, maintain data as follows:

• Comp. (Component): IND

To year: 2999

Active: X



Check Calculation Procedure

SPRO→Financial Accounting→Financial Accounting Global Settings→Tax on Sales/Purchases→ Basic Settings→ Check Calculation Procedure

In this activity, you can check and, if necessary, change existing procedures for tax calculation.

Standard settings

Calculation procedures containing the necessary specifications for the calculation and posting of taxes on sales/purchases have already been defined in the standard SAP system for certain countries. Every calculation procedure groups several tax types together into a **condition type** (for example, output tax or input tax) in the calculation procedure, and determines calculation rules for it.

The calculation procedure determines for which amount the individual condition types are to be calculated. This can be the base amount (total of the expense items and the revenue items) or a subtotal. The entry in column *FrmLvI*, determines for which amount tax is calculated.

Note

In this activity, the condition types for the check and the possible change provided in the standard system are also displayed. Here, for example, the condition calculation rule, or for which base amount the tax is calculated is determined (= condition type).

Recommendation

If possible, do not change the condition types and calculation procedures provided in the standard system. Only check the standard condition types and calculation procedures regarding whether you can use them for your requirements. If necessary, make changes.

Activities

If you cannot use the standard settings, change the condition types and calculation procedures delivered to meet your requirements.

The standard system comes with two tax calculation procedures.

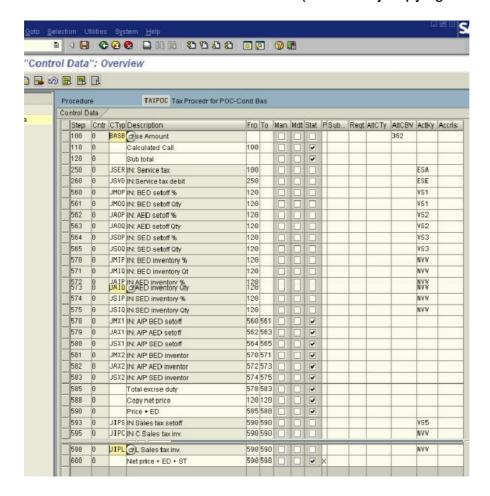
- 1. TAXINN Condition Based
- 2. TAXINJ Formula Based

TAXINN will support to condition based excise determination and TAXINJ will support to condition based and formula based excise determination. Both the tax procedures contain condition types that cover all of the excise duties and sales tax applicable.

The basic difference between both the procedure is TAXINN is a condition based for each condition type we have to maintained a condition records and TAXINJ is a formula based for which me maintained a tax code in FTXP and the same will

be assigned to the condition type UTXJ with accesses sequence Country/Region of Delivery Plant/Region of Customer/ Tax Classification of Customer / Tax Classification of Material/ Tax Code when we create a condition record for SD related.

1. TAXPOC – Condition Based (Created by copying TAXINN)



Assign Country to Calculation Procedure

SPRO→Financial Accounting→Financial Accounting Global Settings→Tax on Sales/Purchases→ Basic Settings→ Assign Country to Calculation Procedure

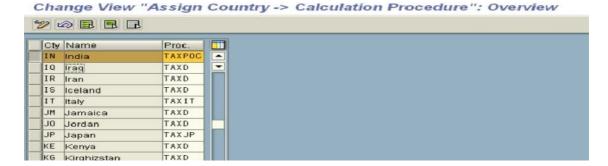
In this activity, you enter the key for the calculation procedure which determines the conditions which are allowed per document and which defines the sequence of the conditions in the document for each country.

Requirements

Each calculation procedure which you enter must contain the necessary specifications for calculating and posting the taxes on sales/purchases. For more information on this, read the chapter "Create calculation procedure".

Activities

- 1. Assign a procedure for tax calculation to every country with which your company has business dealings
- 2. Make sure that the corresponding data for calculating taxes is stored for each calculation procedure which you enter here.



Check and Change Settings for Tax Processing

SPRO→Financial Accounting→Financial Accounting Global Settings→Tax on Sales/Purchases→ Basic Settings→ Check and Change Settings for Tax Processing

In this activity you make the necessary specifications for posting taxes. In doing this you specify under a process key the following indicators:

Tax type

Output tax, input tax, additional taxes, or "not tax-relevant" can be specified as the tax type.

Nondeductibility of tax amounts

For this, tax amounts are marked as not deductible.

Posting indicator

Here you specify whether the tax amount is posted separately or distributed to expense or revenue items.

• Tax not relevant to cash discount (Not discount relevant)

This indicator is set only for Canada. If you select it, the system does not take into account the corresponding tax amount when determining the tax base.

Standard settings

Process keys with the most important characteristics for tax amounts have already been set in the standard SAP system.

Recommendation

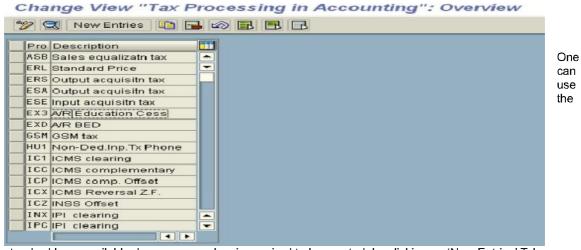
Do not change the standard settings. Check whether you can use these process keys for your company, making changes only if necessary.

Activities

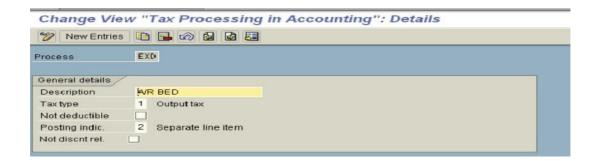
If you cannot use the standard settings, use new process keys and enter them in your calculation procedure. Do **not** change the standard SAP process keys.

Note

You must make enhancements to the standard settings if you want to specify a new account key in the "Create calculation procedure" activity. You must create and maintain this key beforehand in the "Settings for tax processing" activity.



standard keys available. In case a new key is required to be created, by clicking on 'New Entries' Tab, a new entry can be created as shown hereunder:



Define Tax Accounts

SPRO→Financial Accounting→Financial Accounting Global Settings→Tax on Sales/Purchases→ Posting→Define Tax Accounts

In this activity, you specify the accounts to which the different tax types are to be posted. The system determines these accounts for automatic postings.

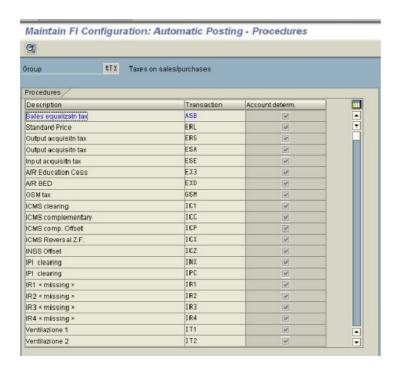
Activities

Define the tax accounts.

Notes for the transport of tax accounts

When you transport tax codes between different systems or clients, **no** tax accounts are transported.

Adjust the tax accounts in the source and target system (or source and target client) manually.



Click on the relevant Transaction Key which requires the FI configuration for Automatic Posting. Enter the Chart of Accounts when prompted for, as shown hereunder:



Define the 'Rules' by choosing whether Tax Code is required or not. Save the rules.



Save the rules and then define the 'Posting Keys' as shown hereunder:



On saving the posting keys, define the G/L accounts as shown hereunder:



Save and proceed for FI configuration for other 'Transaction Keys' as per the requirement. Such configuration is required to be done for all those 'Transaction Keys' which are used in the Tax Procedure.

Please refer to the detailed notes on this configuration under 'Define G/L Accounts for Taxes' under 'Logistics General'.

Assign Tax Codes for Non-Taxable Transactions

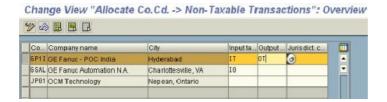
SPRO→Financial Accounting→Financial Accounting Global Settings→Tax on Sales/Purchases→ Posting→ Assign Tax Codes for Non-Taxable Transactions

In this activity you define an incoming and outgoing tax code for each company code, to be used for posting non-taxable transactions to tax-relevant accounts. Transactions posted like this are, for example; goods

issue delivery, goods movement, goods receipt purchase order, goods receipt production order, order accounting.

Activities

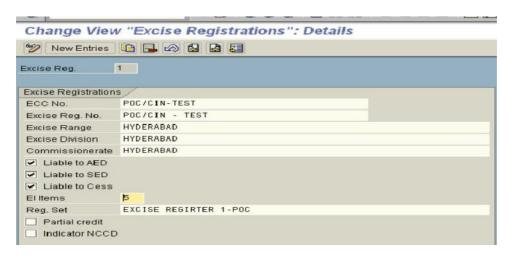
Define tax codes for non-tax relevant transactions for each company code.



Maintain Excise Registrations

SPRO→Logistics – General→Tax on Goods Movements→India→Basic Setting → Maintain Excise Registrations.

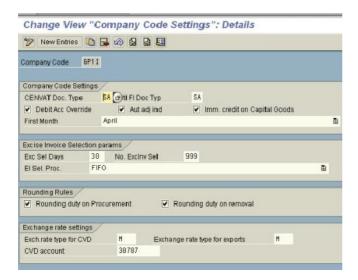
In this IMG activity, you maintain the data relating to your excise registrations.



Maintain Company Code Settings

SPRO→Logistics – General→Tax on Goods Movements→India→Basic Setting → Maintain Company code settings

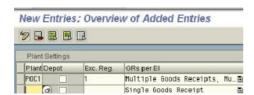
In this IMG activity, you maintain the data relating to your company codes.



Maintain Plant Settings

SPRO→Logistics – General→Tax on Goods Movements→India→Basic Setting → Maintain Plant settings

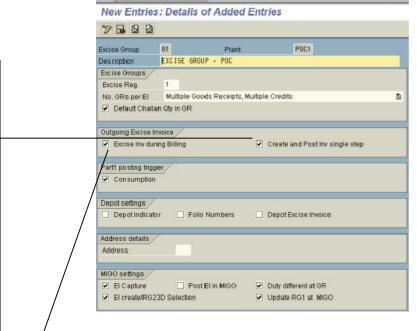
In this IMG activity, you maintain excise information relating to your plants.



Maintain Excise Groups

SPRO→Logistics – General→Tax on Goods Movements→India→Basic Setting
→ Maintain Excise Groups

In this IMG activity, you define your excise groups. For each excise group, you can also control how various excise invoice transactions will work.



Create Excise Invoice Automatically Instructs the system to automatically create an outgoing excise invoice immediately you create a commercial invoice or a pro forma invoice.

The system creates the excise invoice in the background.

Dependencies

If you want to make use of this function, you must also define the default plant, excise group, and series groups in Customizing for Excise Duty, by choosing Business Transactions -> Outgoing Excise Invoices -> Maintain Default Excise Groups and Series Groups.

Automatic Posting for J1IS

Instructs the system to automatically verify and post excise invoices that you create using the Excise Invoices for Other Movements transaction

Maintain Series Groups

SPRO→Logistics – General→Tax on Goods Movements→India→Basic Setting
→ Maintain Series Groups

In this IMG activity, you define the different excise series groups within your company. Series groups allow you to maintain multiple number ranges for the outgoing excise documents.

Based on excise regulations and exemptions from the authorities you can maintain multiple number series for outgoing documents. But each of these series has to be declared to the excise authorities.

Activities

- Define excise series groups based on type of outgoing document
- Assign series group to excise registration ID
- If no financial postings are required for an Excise invoice in this seris group then you tick the 'No utilization' indicator.
- If the CENVAT has to be paid immediately and you need not wait for the Fort nightly payment then mark the 'Immediate Utilization' indicator.

Example

You could define two series groups, group 001 for excise invoices, and group 002 for 57 F4 documents.



No account postings for CENVAT in sales cycle

No utilization Flag

If you do not need any CENVAT utilization for an excise invoice but would like to just generate an excise invoice then you need to mark this indicator.

IF the flag is checked then system will create an Excise invoice in the given Series group but there will not be any account postings or Part2 postings.

Immediate Utilization of CENVAT

Specifies that when you create an excise invoice, the system immediately pays the amount from CENVAT and creates the Part II entry. Such invoices will not be listed for fortnightly utilization.

If you have both fortnightly and immediate utilization for the same excise group, the account determination within CIN IMG should point to the ED interim account.

Account determination for immediate payment will be done exactly the same as being done for fortnightly utilization program.

Export Period

Specifies the export period.

The export period applies to exports under bond and exports under claim for rebate.

Dependencies

If you try to change an ARE-1 after the end of the export period, the system issues a warning message. You then have two options:

- If you manage to obtain an extension from the excise department, you enter the extension date in the ARE-1. This effectively extends the ARE-1's export period.
- Otherwise, in the case of exports under bond you must pay the excise duty plus interest. In the
 case of exports under claim for rebate, you forego the excise duty already paid. You then close the
 ARE-1 as normal.

Fast Credit

Automatically credits the excise duty from ARE-1s back to the running bond account as soon as you enter the date on which you received the countersigned ARE-1 back from the customs office.

Otherwise, the system does not credit the duty back until the local excise authorities confirm that the export has been completed.

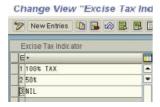
Use

Select this indicator if you have an agreement with your local excise department to this effect.

Maintain Excise Duty Indicators

SPRO→Logistics – General→Tax on Goods Movements→India→Basic Setting
→ Maintain Excise Duty Indicators

In this IMG activity, you maintain the excise duty indicators.



Maintain Postal Addresses

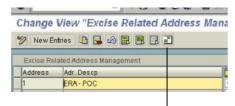
SPRO→Logistics – General→Tax on Goods Movements→India→Basic Setting

→ Maintain Postal Addresses

In this IMG activity, you maintain the addresses of various customs and excise organizations that your company deals with.

You use these addresses in the **ARE Documents** functions. When you create an **ARE-1** or **ARE-3**, you enter the address of the excise department and the customs department involved in the export process. The system then prints their names and addresses on the AREs.

You can then define a default local excise department for each **excise group** and a default customs department for each **series group**.



Address Details to be maintained

Select Tax Calculation Procedure

SPRO→Logistics – General→Tax on Goods Movements→India→ Determination of Excise Duty→ Select Tax Calculation Procedure

In this IMG activity, you specify which tax procedure you want to use for determining excise duties and sales taxes on input materials in India.

- If you use condition-based excise determination, use a copy of the tax procedure TAXINN.
- If you use formula-based excise determination, use a copy of the tax procedure TAXINJ.

This tax procedure also supports condition-based excise determination, so that you can work with both concurrently.

We strongly recommend that new customers use condition-based excise determination. Note that once you have started using a tax procedure, you cannot switch to another one, otherwise you will not be able to display old documents.



Maintain Excise Defaults

SPRO→Logistics – General→Tax on Goods Movements→India→ Determination of Excise Duty→ Maintain Excise Defaults

In this IMG activity, you define which tax procedure and pricing condition types are used in calculating excise taxes using formula-based excise determination.

Activities

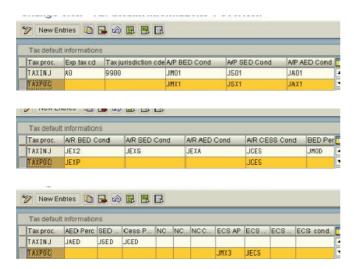
If you use condition-based excise determination, fill out the CVD cond. field and leave all the others blank.

If you use formula-based excise determination, fill out all of the fields as follows:

- Enter the tax procedure and the pricing conditions that are relevant for excise tax processing.
- Specify the purchasing and sales conditions types used for basic excise duty, additional excise duty, special excise duty, and cess.
- Specify the conditions in the sales order that are used for excise rates.
- Specify the countervailing duty condition type used for import purchase orders.

See also

SAP Library -> Logistics -> Country Versions -> Asia-Pacific -> India -> Materials Management (MM) -> Condition-Based Excise Determination and -> Formula-Based Excise Determination.



Condition-Based Excise Determination

Define Tax Code for Purchasing Documents

SPRO→Logistics – General→Tax on Goods Movements→India→ Determination of Excise Duty→ Condition-Based Excise Determination→ Define Tax Code for Purchasing Documents

Use

In this IMG activity, you define a tax code for the purposes of calculating excise duty when you enter purchasing documents.

Only carry out this activity if you use condition-based excise determination.

Activities

Create a new tax code, and set the tax code type to V (input tax). Do not make any other settings for it.

See also

SAP Library -> Logistics -> Country Versions -> Asia-Pacific -> India -> Materials Management (MM) -> Condition-Based Excise Determination

Create a Tax code with 0% for in put (MM) Output tax (SD)





Assign Tax Code to Company Codes

SPRO→Logistics – General→Tax on Goods Movements→India→ Determination of Excise Duty→ Condition-Based Excise Determination→ Assign Tax Code to Company Codes

In this IMG activity, assign the tax code for purchasing documents to the company codes where it will be used.

Only carry out this activity if you use condition-based excise determination.

See also

SAP Library -> Logistics -> Country Versions -> Asia-Pacific -> India -> Materials Management (MM) -> Condition-Based Excise Determination



Classify Condition Types

SPRO→Logistics – General→Tax on Goods Movements→India→ Determination of Excise Duty→ Condition-Based Excise Determination→ Classify Condition Types

In this IMG activity, you specify which condition types you use for which sort of tax. Note that this only applies to condition types that you use with the new excise determination method.

The system uses this information when you create a document from another one. For example, when you enter an incoming excise invoice from a purchase order, or when you create an outgoing excise invoice from a sales order, the system determines the various excise duties in the excise invoice using the information that you have entered here.

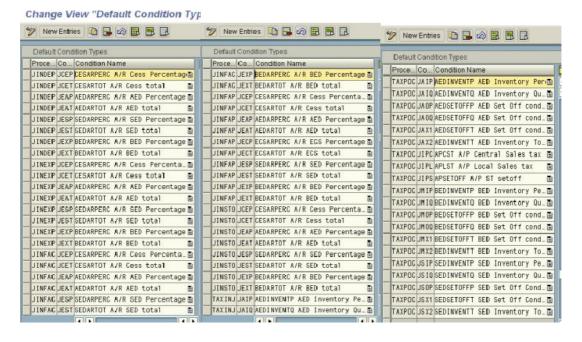
In addition, when you create a purchasing document, the system only uses the condition types that you enter here.

- For taxes on purchases, use the condition types contained in the tax procedure.
- For taxes on sales, use the condition types contained in the pricing procedures.

Standard settings

The standard system comes with sample settings for the tax calculation procedures and pricing procedures.

Use these settings as a basis for your own.



Define G/L Accounts for Taxes

SPRO→Logistics – General→Tax on Goods Movements→India→ Account Determination → Define G/L Accounts for Taxes

In this IMG activity, you specify which G/L accounts you will use to record which taxes.

Requirements

You have set up G/L accounts for each of the processing keys listed below.

Activities

Assign an account to each of the following posting keys. The accounts for VS1, VS2, and VS3 are used as clearing accounts during excise invoice verification.

- VS1 (basic excise duty)
- VS2 (additional excise duty)
- VS3 (special excise duty)
- VS5 (sales tax setoff)
- MWS (central sales tax)
- MW3 (local sales tax)
- ESA (service tax)
- ESE (service tax expense)

Specify Excise Accounts per Excise Transaction

SPRO→Logistics – General→Tax on Goods Movements→India→ Account Determination → Define G/L Accounts for Taxes

In this IMG activity, you specify which excise accounts (for excise duty and CENVAT) are to be posted to for the various transaction types. Enter all the accounts that are affected by each transaction type.

If you use subtransaction types, enter the accounts for each subtransaction type as well.

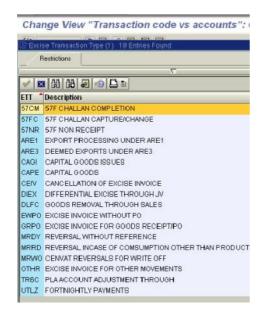
Activities

Transaction type UTLZ is used for determining accounts only while posting excise JVs and also if the payment of excise duty has to be done fortnightly.

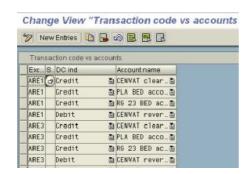
The fortnightly CENVAT payment utility picks up the credit side accounts from the transaction types of GRPO, EWPO, and TR6C for determining the CENVAT and PLA accounts. There is no separate transaction type for fortnightly payment.

Example

Excise TT DC ind Account name GRPO CR CENVAT clearing account GRPO CR RG 23 BED account GRPO DR CENVAT on hold account



ARE1 EXPORT PROCESSING UNDER ARE1 & ARE3 DEEMED EXPORTS UNDER ARE3 → SD



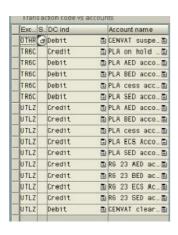
DLFC GOODS REMOVAL THROUGH SALES → SD

Ехс 9	B. DC ind		Account name	
DLFC	Credit		PLA AED acco	
DLFC	Credit	Ē	PLA BED acco	
DLFC	Credit	1	PLA cess acc	
DLFC	Credit	•	PLA SED acco	
DLFC	Credit	•	RG 23 AED ac	
DLFC	Credit	•	RG 23 BED ac	
DLFC	Credit	1	RG 23 ECS Ac	
DLFC	Credit	1	RG 23 SED ac	
DLFC	Debit	•	CEMVAT suspe	

CEIV CANCELLATION OF EXCISE INVOICE → SD & MM

ExcS	DC ind		Account name	
CEIV	Credit	Ē	CENVAT suspe	
CEIV	Debit		PLA AED acco	
CEIV	Debit	•	PLA BED acco	
CEIV	Debit	Ē	PLA SED acco	
CEIV	Debit	Ē	R6 23 AED ac	
CEIV	Debit		RG 23 BED ac 🛚	
CEIV	Debit		R6 23 SED ac [

TR6C PLA ACCOUNT ADJUSTMENT THROUGH & UTLZ FORTNIGHTLY PAYMENTS → SD & MM



57F CHALLAN COMPLETIONS / 57F CHALLAN CAPTURE/CHANGE & 57F NON RECEIPT → MM





EWPO EXCISE INVOICE WITHOUT PO / GRPO EXCISE INVOICE FOR GOODS RECEIPT/PO → MM



Specify G/L Accounts per Excise Transaction

SPRO→Logistics – General→Tax on Goods Movements→India→ Account Determination → Specify G/L Accounts per Excise Transaction

In this IMG activity, you assign the excise and CENVAT accounts to G/L accounts.

When you come to execute the various transactions, the system determines which G/L accounts to post to by looking at the:

- Excise group
- Company code
- Chart of accounts

Furthermore, if you want separate account determination settings within an excise group, you can also use sub transaction types.

Requirements

You have already:

Defined the G/L accounts

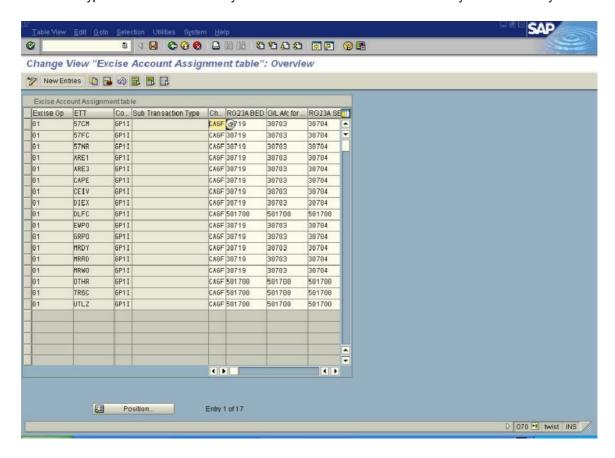
- Defined the excise groups
- Maintained the transaction accounts

Activities

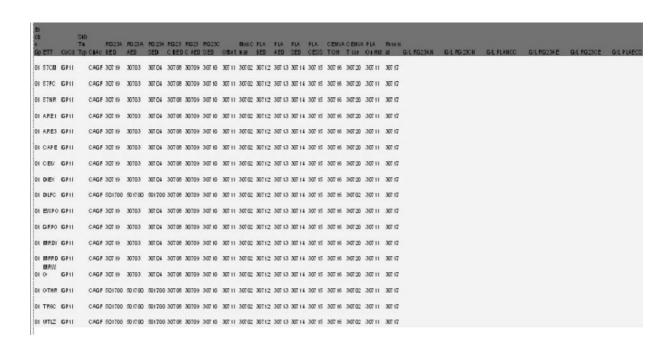
For each excise group, assign the excise and CENVAT accounts to G/L accounts. For most businesses, one set of accounts will suffice for **all** transactions.

Note

You need not remit the CENVAT to the excise department immediately, so maintain the credit account for transaction type DLFC as an excise duty interim account. This will be set off when you remit the duty.



A glimpse of the complete configuration will look as shown hereunder:



Excise Group / Excise Transaction Type / Subtransaction Type / Chart of accounts / G/L Account for RG23A BED / G/L Account for RG23A AED / G/L Account for RG23C BED / G/L Account for Modvat Clearing / G/L account for PLA BED / G/L account for PLA CESS / G/L Account for PLA CESS / G/L Account for CENVAT On Hold / G/L Account for CENVAT Suspense / G/L Account for CENVAT Reversal / G/L Account for RG23A NCCD / G/L Account for RG23AC NCCD / G/L account for PLA NCCD / G/L Account for RG23A ECS / G/L Account for RG23C ECS / G/L account for PLA ECS

Assign Billing Types to Delivery Types

SPRO→Logistics – General→Tax on Goods Movements→India→ Business
Transactions→ Outgoing Excise Invoices → Assign Billing Types to Delivery Types

You enter outgoing excise invoices by referring to either of the following documents:

- Customer invoices
- · Pro forma excise invoices

These options are represented in the system by different document types and document flows.

In this IMG activity, you:

Specify which billing document types you use as a reference for CENVAT utilization

Assign them to the appropriate delivery document types

Requirements

You have set up the delivery types and copy control as follows:

- Create separate delivery types in Customizing for Logistics Execution (LE), by choosing Shipping
 Deliveries -> Define Delivery Types.
- Set up copy control for the delivery types in Customizing for LE, by choosing Shipping -> Copying Control -> Specify Copy Control for Deliveries.
- Create billing types in Customizing for Sales and Distribution (SD), by choosing Billing -> Billing Documents -> Define Billing Types.
- Set up copy control for the billing types in Customizing for SD, by choosing *Billing -> Billing Documents -> Maintain Copying Control for Billing Documents.*

Standard settings

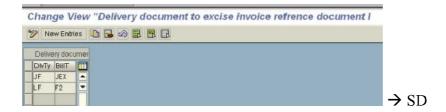
In the standard system, there are two document flows that you can use:

- Standard order (document type OR) -> Outbound delivery (LF) -> Proforma excise invoice (JEX) -> Invoice (F2)
- Standard order (OR) -> Excise invoice (JF) -> Invoice (F2).

You can use these settings if you wish, or alternatively, you can make copies of these document types and copy control settings.

Activities

• Assign a CENVAT reference billing type to each delivery type.



Maintain Default Excise Groups and Series Groups

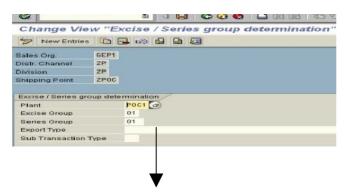
SPRO→Logistics – General→Tax on Goods Movements→India→ Business
Transactions→ Outgoing Excise Invoices → Maintain Default Excise Groups and Series
Groups

In this IMG activity, you specify which **excise group** and series group you want to appear in these fields by default. You can make separate settings for different combinations of sales organization, distribution channel, division, and shipping point.

Activities

This activity is optional, unless you want the system to automatically create outgoing excise invoices when you create a customer invoice.

In this case, you must also make the appropriate setting in Customizing for *Excise Duty*, by choosing *Basic Settings -> Maintain Excise Groups*, and selecting *Create El* (Create Excise Invoice Automatically).



In case of export we have to maintained the below fields.

- 1. Deemed Export
- 2. Export under Bond

3. Export under letter of undertaking

Utilization Determination

SPRO→Logistics – General→Tax on Goods Movements→India→ Business Transactions→ Utilization → Utilization Determination

In this IMG activity, you specify which CENVAT accounts are to be debited by the **Fortnight Utilization of CENVAT** report: When the report calculates how much excise duty you must remit, it automatically proposes which CENVAT accounts the duty should be debited to. Here, you specify those defaults.

You can either:

- Debit all the excise duty to one account
- Debit the excise duty to more than one account, in which case you specify which percentage is to be debited to each account

Example

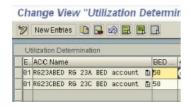
If you want 50% of basic excise duty (BED) to be debited to the RG 23A account and the remaining 50% to the RG 23C account, you would make the following settings:

Acct name	BED perc.	
RG 23A BED account	50	
RG 23C BED account	50	

Alternatively, to debit all of the BED to the RG 23A account, and then RG 23C account, if there is not enough in the RG 23A account, you would make the following settings:

Acct name	BED perc. +
RG 23A BED account	X
RG 23C BED account	X

When you come to run the report, the system takes the RG 23A account because it is the first one you have entered. If this account does not cover the BED, the system takes the RG 23C account instead.

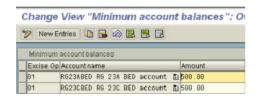


Maintain Minimum Balances for Excise Accounts

In this IMG activity, you can maintain minimum balances in your excise accounts. When the balance in these accounts during utilization falls below this level, the system automatically utilizes funds in the PLA account.

Activities

Maintain the minimum balance amount for the excise accounts. If you have more than one excise group, you can maintain different minimum balances.



Specify SAPscript Forms

SPRO→Logistics – General→Tax on Goods Movements→India→ Business Transactions→ Excise Registers → Specify SAP script Forms

In this IMG activity, for each of your company codes, you specify which SAPscript forms the system prints the excise registers with.

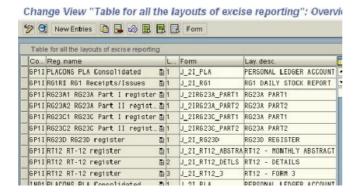
Standard settings

Country Version India includes a number of sample SAPscript forms and printing programs, which you can use as follows:

Reg. name	Lay. no.	Form	Tcode/Prog
RG 23A Part I	1	J_2IRG23A_PART1	J_2IRAP1
RG 23C Part I	1	J_2IRG23C_PART1	J_2IRCP1
RG 23A Part II	1	J_2IRG23A_PART2	J_2IRAP2
RG 23C Part II	1	J_2IRG23C_PART2	J_2IRCP2
PLA	1	J_2I_PLA	J_2IPLA
RG 23 D	1	J_2I_RG23D	J_2IRG23
RG 1	1	J_2l_RG1	J_2IRRG1
RT 12	1	J_2I_RT12_ABSTRA	J_2IRT12
RT 12	1	J_2I_RT12_ABSTRA	J_2IRT12

RT 12 1 J_2I_RT12_3 J_2IRT12

The layout description can be left blank or an appropriate description maybe filled in. You may not change the register name. You can have your own layouts and maintain the name here. If the output device and number of copies are maintained it is automatically picked up for printing.



Number Ranges

SPRO→Logistics – General→Tax on Goods Movements→India→ Business Transactions→ Tools → Number Ranges

You can maintain the number ranges for all CIN Number range objects using this transaction

OBJECT Long Text

J 1IDEPINV Excise Invoice Number for Depot Invoices

J 1IEXCEXP Export excise invoice number range

J 1IEXCINV Excise invoice number

J_1IARE1 ARE1 Doc No object based on Series Group

J 1IBOND Excise Bonding: Bond number object

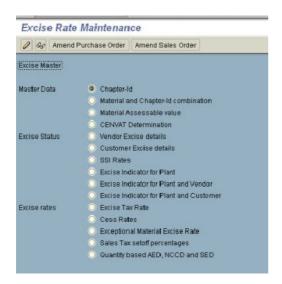
J 1IARE3 ARE3 Doc No object based on Series Group

J 1IARE1 ARE1 Doc No object based on Series Group

Excise Rate Maintenance

Transaction. Code → J1ID

Excise Rate maintenance consist of Master Data, Excise Status & Excise Rates.



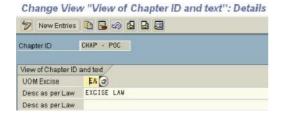
Master Data

Maintain Chapter ID

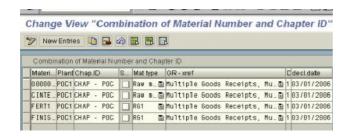
The number given to a material in the schedule of material published by the government of India.

The schedule shows how much excise duty is levied on each material.

Each material in the schedule is assigned its own identification code, called "chapter ID".



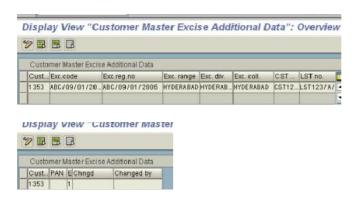
Material and Chapter combination



Excise Status

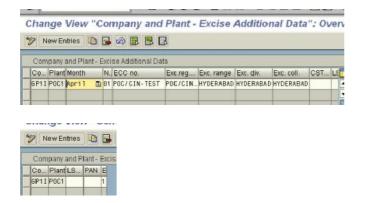
Customer Excise Details

In this step we have to maintained the following data



Customer / Excise Code (ECC) / Excise Range / Excise Division / Excise Commissionerate / CST No / LST No / PAN No / Excise Tax Indicator for Customer

Excise Indicator for Plant



In this step we have to maintained the following data

Company Code / Plant / Month / Number Range / Excise Code (ECC) / Excise Registration No / Excise Range / Excise Division / Excise Commissionerate/ CST No / LST No / PAN No / Excise Tax Indicator for Company

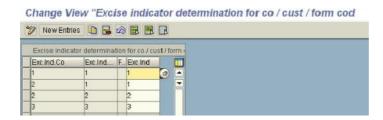
Excise Indicator for Plant and Vendor



Excise Indicator for Plant and Customer

In this step we are marinating the following data.

Excise Tax Indicator for Company / Customer / Excise Tax Indicator



Excise Rate

Excise Tax Rates

In this step we have to maintained Excise Rates

When we are using Tax Calculation Procedure as condition Based TAXINN we are not suppose to maintained Excise Rate.